

# Tree of Life Midwifery Care - Lisa Black, LM, CPM - 214-394-5687

## Testing Permission and Waiver Form

By my signature, I give permission/refuse permission for testing. I/we assume responsibility for having or not having these tests. All tests here have been listed due to their requirements in the law or because they help ensure a low risk pregnancy and delivery. Indicate by your initials in the appropriate column and sign and date below.

I have read and understand the information contained in this document and have been given the opportunity to ask questions.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Test	When Performed and Why	Permit	Refuse
Urinalysis	<i>Every visit</i> – to establish general well-being and monitor symptoms of toxemia, urinary tract infection, gestational diabetes, etc. – all serious conditions if detected.		
Routine Lab w/HIV screen and Hep B Surface Antigen	<i>Early pregnancy</i> – tests for anemia, blood type and RH, antibodies, rubella immunity and syphilis. Other possible problems sometimes detected. Screens for Hepatitis B and HIV (AIDS) also.		
Pap Smear	Primarily for early detection of cancer. May test some sexually transmitted diseases also.		
Gonorrhea/Chlamydia Probe	Especially important if you or your partner have had sexual intercourse with anyone else, ever. Checks for often “hidden” disease that can have harmful effect to mom or baby.		
Glucose Tolerance Testing	Done at about 28 weeks to check for gestational diabetes, which can be serious and even fatal for the baby. If results are high, it will require further testing.		
<b>Applies to RH Neg. Mothers Only</b> Antibody Screening	At 28 weeks and 36 weeks. Screens for maternal antibodies. May be done at anytime if indicated after trauma to the abdomen, undiagnosed bleeding, etc.		
Rhogam at 28 weeks	Prophylaxis for subsequent pregnancies		
Rhogam studies and Postpartum Rhogam as indicated	If Postpartum cord blood test shows baby’s blood to have a Positive blood factor there is an indication for maternal Rhogam. When indicated, postpartum Rhogam is given IM <72 hours post delivery. Prevents Isoimmunization.		
Sonogram	At 20-26 weeks to assess age and well-being. Recommended, but not required.		
Alpha-Feto-Protein Screen	At 16-18 weeks, can detect some birth defects such as Downs Syndrome and Spina Bifida. Most important in older mothers.		
Vaginal Strep B Screening	Detects active vaginal Strep B virus colonization in the vaginal area before delivery. Screening done at about 37 weeks. If present, Rx for antibiotics needed or treatment by natural methods needed.		
HepB/HIV/RPR	Blood sample taken from mother at birth to screen for Hepatitis B, HIV and Syphilis.		
Eye Ointment	Administered at birth. Required by law to kill gonorrhea and other bacteria picked up in the birth canal.		
Newborn Screening	Required by law within the first 72 hours and again at 2 weeks.		